

Committee:United Nations Human Rights Commission(UNHRC)

Country:Israel

Topic:Confronting human rights violations in conflict areas such as Syria, Israel-Palestine, and the Russia-Ukraine conflict zones.

Israel is a democratic and Jewish state that was founded in 1948. The majority of its citizens are Jews who have either seen or are related to victims of the Holocaust.As a result, Israel prioritizes peace and human rights above all else. Examples of ongoing conflicts worldwide include those involving Syria-Yemen, Israel-Palestine, Russia-Ukraine etc .Israel is adamant that mutual disregard for one another's sovereignty is at the root of the problem. It also thinks that states' direct and indirect funding of terrorism plays a significant role in the escalation of hostilities.

As a signatory to several international agreements, including the Convention on the Elimination of Discrimination Against Women, the Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the Covenant on Economic and Social Rights, and the Convention Against Torture, Israel pledges to uphold these agreements scrupulously.Individual civilians as well as the civilian population at large have a right to general protection from risks associated with military operations.Civilians shouldn't be the target of an attack and violent acts or threats that are primarily meant to incite fear in civilians are strictly condemned by Israel .

Given the attacks by Hamas on October 7, Israel's acts of self-defense during the ongoing war are entirely justified. Israel will eradicate this issue from its foundations and has no tolerance for terrorism. Israel and Palestine have experienced numerous problems since the UN border plan of 1948. However, peaceful bilateral discussions resulted in the Oslo Accord in 1993, which allowed Israel and the PLO (Palestine liberation organization)to formally recognize one another. Palestine, which has long-standing issues with terrorism, backed Hamas.This promotion of terrorism led to the violent attack that occurred on October 7, 2023, which claimed the lives of over 1200 people. Israel will keep up its fight against

terrorism and will not stop denouncing countries such as Iran, Qatar, China, Saudi Arabia, and Indonesia for their strong support of Hamas and their role in fomenting terrorism.

Israel supports cutting off terrorist financing at its source. This can be achieved by restricting the arms trade with the FATF(Financial action task force) black list countries and alerting nations on the FATF grey list. For instance, Iran, which is on the FATF blacklist, is the world's 25th largest arms exporter, with Houthi, Venezuela, and Russia being its top export destinations .There have also been accusations of exports to other armed groups operating in the Middle East. In areas rife with conflict, this presents a serious risk of human rights violations.

Israel calls on all nations to condemn Hamas universally and seeks strong support from the international community in its fight against terrorism.