

Position Paper

ARGENTINA



World Health Organisation (WHO)

Agenda – Reviewing and Discussion Upon the Implementation of Immunization Agenda 2030 with Special Emphasis on LEDCs

- WHO is the branch of United Nations deals with health of different countries around the world. On the 8th January 2021, 148th session of Executive Board was held in which the Implementation of immunization Agenda 2023 was talked about. This is agenda based on immunization in the countries which are economically poor to help to increase the life span of a person.
- Argentina suffered most during 20th century from recurring economic crises, persistent fiscal and current account deficits, high inflation, mounting external debt, and capital flight. President Mauricio Macri in November 2015 under his administration took steps to liberalize the Argentine economy, lifting capital controls, floating the peso, removing export controls on some commodities, cutting some energy subsidies, and reforming the country's official statistics. Though today also Argentina is considered in LEDC's countries

- This agenda is not only applicable for Argentina but also applicable to all “LEDC” (least economical developed countries) such as Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, Ethiopia., Democratic Republic of the Congo, Central African Republic. These countries are also suffering from economical poverty due to which there is now proper attention towards their citizens health.
- In conclusion, if the Implementation of Immunization Agenda 2030 with Special Emphasis on LEDCs passes it will help in the following ways
 1. Reduce mortality and morbidity from vaccine-preventable diseases for everyone throughout the life course.
 2. Ensure good health and well-being for everyone by strengthening immunisation within primary health care and contributing to universal health coverage and sustainable development.
- Each strategic priority will have specific goals and objectives for evaluating progress in meeting the priorities (Table 2). The goals and objectives will complement existing disease-specific goals and also the broader health goals and the SDGs. They will mirror the ambition of existing commitments and galvanize work to make important gains in immunization over the coming decade.

“VACCINE PREVENTS THE UNWANTED”