

POSITION PAPER



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COMMITTEE: United Nations General Assembly (UNGA)

COUNTRY: Hungary

AGENDA: Regulating AI to Prevent Digital Colonialism

Artificial Intelligence (AI) is reshaping global dynamics, but without equitable regulations, it risks becoming a tool of digital colonialism—where powerful countries or corporations dominate technological resources, control data, and influence global AI development in ways that marginalize smaller or less developed nations. This digital imbalance can lead to economic dependence, cultural erasure, and exploitation of data from nations that lack the infrastructure or influence to compete fairly.

Hungary believes in promoting a human-centric, ethical, and inclusive approach to AI, aligning closely with the European Union's AI Act, which seeks to ensure transparency, accountability, and fairness in AI systems. Digital sovereignty is a critical concern, and Hungary stresses that each nation must have the right to govern its own data and digital infrastructure without external manipulation or exploitation.

To combat digital colonialism, Hungary supports the establishment of a global AI regulatory framework under the guidance of the United Nations, where every country—regardless of its economic or technological status—has an equal voice in shaping the future of AI. This framework should include international standards for ethical AI use, cross-border cooperation, and mechanisms to ensure compliance and accountability.

Hungary also advocates for increased digital capacity-building in under-resourced countries, the promotion of open-access AI technologies, and mandatory checks on AI systems to eliminate bias and unethical practices. Through international cooperation, fair data-sharing policies, and a commitment to shared innovation, Hungary aims to ensure that AI becomes a force for equity, empowerment, and global good.