

POSITION PAPER :

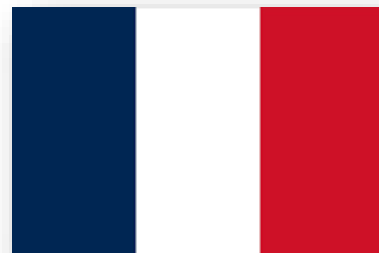
*Climate change isn't something that
People decide to believe or not , its happening*

Committee : United Nations Environment Assembly

Country : French Republic (France)

Agenda : Addressing the Climate Fragility Risks

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Today, we are aware that addressing climate change has a double benefit of improving air quality. In order to significantly cut emissions of greenhouse gases and other air pollutants collectively, we want to mobilise all the resources and stakeholders, according to Brune Poirson, the former secretary of state to the minister for an ecological and inclusive transition in 2019. "A excellent illustration of what we can accomplish together is the Climate and Clean Air Coalition. It enables us to forge alliances between nations and non-state actors to produce real solutions, whether locally or worldwide, and ultimately quicken the transition to a clean, low-carbon economy.

The French government unveiled "France Relance," a €100 billion recovery plan, on September 3, 2020 to deal with the COVID-19's economic effects. The first pillar is a €30 billion green transition that will include investments for energy-efficient renovation programmes for private and social housing and public buildings, for sustainable mobility, for the decarbonization of the industry, and for green technologies like hydrogen, biofuels, and recycling.

As part of its commitment to the 2015 Paris Agreement, France passed the Law on Energy and Climate in 2019 to establish the goal of carbon neutrality by 2050. The National Low Carbon Strategy was revised in 2020 to include the carbon neutrality goal, which calls for emissions to be cut to a quarter of 1990 levels by 2050. Compared to the first National Low Carbon Strategy, which sought to reduce greenhouse gas emissions by 75% from 1990 levels by the year 2050, this goal is more ambitious. The strategy also intends to meet the national goal of a 40% decrease in greenhouse gas emissions from 1990 levels by 2030. The nation also pledged to stop operating all coal power plants by 2022, realising that reducing short-lived climate pollutants is an essential component of this task.

In conclusion , No matter what the officials of the french government are regularly implementing laws and acts on the reducing the fragility risks caused by the climatic changes . The president of France has been convinced to raise a specific amount of funds

for the people who have been struggling to adapt to the climatic changes that has been happening around the world recently and have decided to provide resources to help the people adapt to the climate . The republic of the french is also supporting several projects and is implementing sustainable resources for it's people and has contributed several funds for providing it's nation with a safe and protected country .

