# COUNTRY - Hashemite Kingdom of **Jordan**

# **COMMITTEE -** United Nations Commission on the Status of Women

# **TOPIC -** Combatting Global Human Trafficking of Women: Addressing Exploitation and Forced Labor.

human traffickers exploit domestic and foreign victims in Jordan, and traffickers exploit victims from Jordan abroad. Trafficking victims in Jordan are primarily from South and Southeast Asia, East Africa, Egypt, and Syria. Some Jordanian and Syrian girls are forced to drop out of compulsory school to perform domestic service in their families’ homes, some of these girls are vulnerable to trafficking, some Jordanian women working in nightclubs may also be exploited in sex trafficking. The Jordan Population and Family Health Survey (2017–2018) confirmed that 25.9% of wives between the ages of 15–49 years have experienced physical, sexual, or emotional violence from their husbands**.**

**Government actions to combat trafficking**

* In 2009 government enacted anti trafficking law
* In 2019 they launched 2019-2022 national strategy, amended law, victims’ assistance fund
* In 2022, introduced national referral mechanism and SOPs for victim identification
* In 2023 government issued regulations no 6 and 46 for assistance fund and victim shelter operation
* in November 2024 they launched 2024-20227 national strategy, strengthened legal framework

**STEPS TAKEN BY UN**

Minister of Justice, Dr. Bassam Al-Talhouni, Chairman of the National Committee for the Prevention of Human Trafficking, presided over the launch of the National Strategy to Combat Human Trafficking in Jordan for the years 2024–2027.

the issuance of the Anti-Human Trafficking Law of 2009 and its amendments, which aim to address all forms and manifestations of human trafficking, ensuring that perpetrators are held accountable and do not evade punishment, while providing essential protection and support to victims, the importance of adopting a preventative criminal policy aimed at eradicating this crime at its root, underscoring that human trafficking is fundamentally incompatible with Jordan's religious and humanitarian values.

The support from UNODC says that human trafficking is not just like any other social issue of the country. It is the direct assault on human dignity, victims are treated not as a people but as the object to be controlled, exploited, and discarded. It takes away the basic human right of the people. Victims suffer from abuse, rape, mental trauma, human trafficking in not just a rime it is a human crisis.

As Jordan is relatively small country in terms of area and population. It is possible of the government to maintain accurate record of every citizen and resident. It will increase the security in the country and also essential for identifying individual risk of exploitation. They should also strengthen passport monitoring system. NGOs should be formed to spread awareness among women and educate them for the same. Helplines should be formed. More international collaboration should take place