



# FAIRGAZE MODEL



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**SHAKSHI SRIVASTAVA**

**EDITOR IN CHIEF**

**REPORTERS**

**SHARANYA RAY**

**DESIGN AND LAYOUT**

**SHAKSHI SRIVASTAVA**



# BEGINNING OF AN ERA.

		
<b>  CHIEF GUEST  </b> <b>MS. BIAN LI</b> FOUNDER & CEO THE HUNGRY LAB	<b>  CHIEF GUEST  </b> <b>MS. ARSHDEEP BRAR</b> ASSISTANT COLLECTOR, JAIPUR, RAJASTHAN, GOVERNMENT OF INDIA	<b>  KEYNOTE SPEAKER  </b> <b>MS. SHACHI CHATURVEDI</b> PUBLIC INFORMATION ASSISTANT, UNIC
	<b>  GUEST OF HONOUR  </b> <b>MS. KIRAN HARIKA</b> PRINCIPAL THE BRITISH CO - ED HIGH SCHOOL, PATIALA	<b>  GUEST OF HONOUR  </b> <b>FR. ROBERT SIMON</b> DIRECTOR, ALL INDIA DON BOSCO EDUCATION SOCIETY (AIDBES)
		

**“TURN YOUR OBSTACLE INTO OPPORTUNITY AND  
YOUR PROBLEM INTO POSSIBILITIES”**

		
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# **“IS AFRICA STILL IN 17<sup>TH</sup> CENTURY”**

**By Shakshi srivastava**

Multinational corporations have been accused of human rights violations. More than 70 percent of the working class in Zimbabwe is in unprotected, insecure, socially excluded and experience poor working conditions. Workers experience hardships, since insecurity threatens and violate their rights.

Even today we are facing the same problem as we were doing earlier in the 17th century. Same sanitation, health, safety, long working hours, wage gap and environment practices. Pakistan and Turkey claimed that the American companies are majorly responsible for the current violation of the human rights policies in Africa.

It's time to change organizing strategies. In most countries in Africa labor laws are weak and do not provide adequate protection to workers and trade unions. Now it's high time when the government needs to take actions against human rights violations and companies need to take measurements that do not violate and the ILO guidelines to be followed strictly by the government. There is a call for union federations and networks to have a data map to locate the MNCs, their activities and behavior in Africa.

# **THREAT TO WORLD HERITAGE!**

**By Shakshi Srivastava**

A total of 125 world heritage sites are threatened by climate change. UNESCO World Resources Institute (WRI) and international union of conservation of nature (IUCN) released World Heritage Forest: Carbon sinks under pressure which says that the overall network of 257 forests in world heritage sites absorb 190 million tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>.

Climate change is the most severe crisis we face today. Global deforestation is one of the main contributions to climate change. Countries claimed that US greenhouse gas emission totaled 6,558 million metric tons carbon dioxide equivalent, while US counters the argument claiming that they have minimized the emission of CO<sub>2</sub> by 12% and taking measurable steps.

In order to discuss, the committee made the decision that the impacts of climate change are affecting many and are likely to affect many more heritage properties. They will prepare a joint report on managing the effects at the global level, regional level and state party level. Companies are strictly prohibited for CO<sub>2</sub> emission. UNESCO world heritage forests can continue to be reliable carbon sinks if they are effectively protected from local and global threats.

# **Reducing Nuclear Damage**

**By Sharanya Ray**

Nuclear damage meaning loss of life, personal injury or loss of property arising out of or resulting from the radioactive or radiation compound is toxic, explosive or other hazardous properties of nuclear fuel have been an ongoing problem in the world. For this major catastrophic issue, several countries have tried several solutions. Singapore has been keeping a stringent export system to check on the use of nuclear weapons. Singapore was among the 127 states that endorsed a humanitarian pledge to cooperate in efforts to stigmatize, prohibit and eliminate nuclear weapons in 2015-16.

The resolution on 'reducing nuclear danger' draws global attention to the risk of unintentional or accidental use of nuclear weapons. Under NATO, nuclear weapon sharing, the United States has provided nuclear weapons for Belgium, Germany, Italy, Netherlands and Turkey to deploy and store. NATO does not support the treaty on the prohibition of nuclear weapons which is at odds with the existing non-proliferation and disarmament architecture.

# **Reproductive, sexual, and maternal health**

**By sharanya ray**

Pregnancy occurrence in girls aged 10 to 19 is because of low education and low-income levels of a teen's family. Good sexual and reproductive health is a state of complete physical, mental and social wellbeing in all matters relating to the reproductive system which isn't found everywhere in the world. Out of the many countries, the US has the highest maternity mortality rate.

Sexual and reproductive health and rights include access to services care and information. The Government of India has taken significant steps toward improving national, regional and village-level sexual and reproductive health included in making substantial progress on key maternal and newborn health indicators.



# **Medical Training in the Developing World**

**By sharanya ray**

Medical training in the developing world is an ongoing and never-ending process. Even though the world is getting educated on medicine at a rapid pace, some countries do not even get basic products for women's menstrual cycle. Proper hygiene, training, and proper technology to look for diseases in underdeveloped and developing countries should be there, yet most countries don't have the proper equipment for this. The use of AI to diagnose chronic diseases at an early age and local language training for professionals from other countries is necessary for a revolutionizing world too.

To solve these problems, local governments should provide by creating more and better health care facilities in developing regions. They should provide aid by increasing funding provided to health institutions, and forming organizations to help with regular cleaning and maintaining proper hygiene in developing countries. Urging governments to regulate the cost of drugs and medicines and clear stronger role in negotiating healthcare prices is another way too. Encouraging medical institutions and professors to enhance curricula would help students worldwide to explore additional resources and be passionate about learning medicine resulting in more knowledge about medicine which leads to a safer and healthier future.



THANK YOU

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