Committee: United Nations' General Assembly Agenda: 'Examining China's role in Covid-19'

Country: China

An anew discovered coronavirus has wreaked havoc amongst the global network of the permanence of the humankind. The aforementioned virus is referred to as the SARS-CoV2, causing an acute respiratory disease termed as Covid-19. The virus, so mentioned, resembles intrigue people like the other members of the Coronaviruses family, representing itself as the successor of SARS-CoV, which plagued the year of 2002; and MERS-CoV, which became detrimental in the year, 2012.

The first case of SARS-CoV2 was cited in the central city of China - Wuhan. The patient zero dates to be identified on 30th December 2020. Both gradually and eventually, as per the data provided by WHO at 8:11 PM GMT+8, 8th May 2020 the world had already encountered 3.85 million Covid-19 cases.

With a discrete and unpropitious accession in this ominous issue, China has sought policies and stipulations to establish itself as a 'zero to hero' country model. From being the victim to being an ardent pioneer of aids and provisions, China's involvement in the Covid-19 outbreak is to be, and must be considered empathetic to the countries facing hampered medical, socio-economic and geopolitical facets.

Guided by the specter of mounting a community fellowship with a shared future for mankind, China is enhancing international solidarity in a comprehensive and non-complacent fashion, so as to practice its actions and dwell in the realm of practicality. Collaboration, confluence, and harmonization are central to the current sympathetic arrangements of China as it endeavors to prolong its amenities and dexterities to the novel epicenters of the Covid-19 crisis, like the European Nations and the United States.

China's unwavering support for the leadership role of the World Health Organization (WHO) in the global response to COVID-19 is equally notable. China welcomes WHO's global collaboration initiative to expedite the development, production, and equitable distribution of vaccines and drugs for COVID-19, and has decided to take part. From the very beginning, China has shared the genome-based analysis of the novel coronavirus with other countries at the earliest opportunity, and has set up a platform to share analytics and examination conclusions, and has put forth its fervid benefactions to enhance foreign cooperation and other countries' efforts to develop drugs and vaccines.

It is widely acknowledged that the growing export of anti-epidemic supplies from China has given strong support to the global fight against the virus and demonstrated China's sense of responsibility as a major country, with this China has planned to both sort and sought to pave a methodological way to strive for the global betterment and upliftment from this pandemic.